**Category 2**

* 2.1.1a: 10 core tests
* 2.1.2b: National specimen transport system
* 2.1.3 (a + b) Lab quality systems
* 2.2.1a: Event based surveillance
* 2.2.2: Real-time reporting (whole set; a-c)
* 2.2.3a: Transparency of surveillance data
* 2.2.5a) Common usage of electronic health records
* 2.2.5b) Public health system access to individual electronic health records
* 2.3.1a: FETP/epi
* 2.3.2a: 1 in 200,000 epi

**Category 3**

* 3.1.1(a-c): emergency response plan
* 3.1.2a: engagement w/private sector
* 3.2.1 (a-b): IHR simulation exercises
* 3.3.1 (a-c): EOC
* 3.5.1a: Risk comms
* 3.5.2 (a-b): public communication platforms
* 3.6: access to internet/phones

**Category 4**

* 4.1.1 (a-b): Capacity to treat patients: doctors, nurses/midwives
* 4.1.2 (a-b): hospitals; isolation unit or room
* 4.2.3a: ability to receive health personnel from other countries to respond to a PHE
* 4.3.1 (a-c): Access to healthcare
* 4.3.2a: Access to healthcare by healthcare workers
* 4.4.1 (a-b): Communication with healthcare workers during a PHE
* 4.5.1a: infection prevention and control/PPE
* 4.5.2a: tracking/monitoring healthcare-associated infections

**Category 6**

* 6.1 – political and security risks (to include all 6.1 subindicators)
* 6.2 – socioeconomic risks, public confidence in government (to include all 6.2 subindicators)
* 6.5.1b – Healthcare Access and Quality Index (Global Burden of Disease)
* 6.5.3a – Domestic general gov health expenditure per capita (PPP)